# **SPECIFICATION**

**FOR** 

# 6600V FLAT TYPE FLEXIBLE CABLE

Code: 6600V H-3PNCT 3×35mm<sup>2</sup>

Quantity

Your Ref. No.

Our Ref. No.

Signed by

TAKANOBU WATANABE
Manager

Engineering Dept. I
Electric Wire & Cable Business Unit

Proterial, Ltd.

Issue and revision record

Rev. No	Issue date	Issue and revision reco	Prepared by	Reviewed by	Approved by
-	July 3, 2023	First issue	K. Jumore K. Yamane	N.Ono	(Westale T. WATANABE
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#### 1. Scope

This specification covers 6600V Flat Type Flexible Cable which is based on Japanese Electrical Facility Regulation and Manufacturer's Standard.

#### 2. Construction and Materials

#### 2.1 Power units

#### 2.1.1 Conductor

Conductor shall be stranded with tinned annealed copper wires.

#### 2.1.2 Inner semi-conductive layer

A suitable semi-conductive tape shall be applied over the conductor. The thickness of the semi-conductive tape shall be included in a part of the insulation thickness.

#### 2.1.3 Insulation

Insulation shall consist of extruded layer of ethylene propylene rubber compound. Nominal thickness shall be shown in the attached table 1.

Ave. thick.: not less than 90% of the nominal thickness Min. thick.: not less than 80% of the nominal thickness

#### 2.1.4 Outer semi-conductive layer

Outer semi-conductive layer shall consist of suitable semi-conductive fabric tape.

#### 2.1.5 Braided shield

Braided shield shall consist of tinned annealed copper wires.

#### 2.1.6 Core identification

The core identification shall be made by the colour of the tape which is applied under the braided shield as shown in the attached figures 2.

#### 2.1.7 Reinforcement

Reinforcement consisting of suitable fabric tape shall be applied over the braided shield.

#### 2.2 Assembly

Power units shall be assembled in parallel.

#### 2.3 Sheath

Sheath shall consist of black polychloroprene compound. Nominal thickness shall be shown in the attached table 1.

Ave. thick.: not less than 90% of the nominal thickness Min. thick.: not less than 80% of the nominal thickness

#### 2.4 Dimension

The dimension of the cable shall be in accordance with the attached table 1.

## 3. Marking

Manufacturer's name and year of manufacture shall be marked by suitable methods.

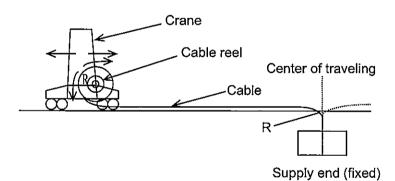
# 4. Inspection

Inspection shall be made on the following items prior to shipment.

Properties	Standard to comply with	Requirements	Test interval	
Construction and dimensions	JIS C 3005 4.3	To comply with clause 2 and the attached table 1		
Withstand voltage test	JIS C 3005 4.6	To withstand AC 17000V for 10 min.	Every shipment	
Conductor resistance	JIS C 3005 4.4	Not more than the value in the attached table 2		
Insulation resistance	JIS C 3005 4.7	Not less than the value in the attached table 2	First shipment	

### 5. Guide to use

This cable is designed for crane installation of reel system (traveling) as shown below.



R : Permissible minimum bending radius

Table 1: Dimensions and electrical properties

(Code: 6600V H-3PNCT 3X35mm<sup>2</sup>)

Item		Unit	Specified value	
Conductor	No. of conductor	-	3	
	Nominal cross-section area	mm²	35	
	Construction	No./mm	7/39/0.4	
	Approx. diameter	mm	8.7	
Nominal thickness of insulation		mm	5.0	
Approx. thickness of shield braid		mm	0.45	
Nominal thic	ckness of sheath	mm	5.5	
Approx. diar	meter of completed cable	mm	33 X 75.5	
Maximum d	iameter of completed cable	mm	34.7 X 79.3	
Approx. wei	ght of completed cable	kg/km	3850	

<sup>\* :</sup> This value includes thickness of inner semi-conductive tape.

Table 2: Characteristic

Item	Unit	Specified value			
Max. conductor resistance(20℃)	Ω/km	0.565			
Min. insulation resistance(20℃)	MΩ·km	500			
Permissible minimum bending radius	mm	530			
Permissible maximum pulling tension **	kN	4.0			
Permissible maximum compression force ***	kN/m	4.9			

- \*\* : In any case, pulling tension and compression force must not exceed this value. For safety,regular pulling tension should be 1/3 of the permissible maximum value. It is necessary to determine the pulling tension considering the compression force.
- \*\*\*: Compresstion force = Pulling tension / Bending radius

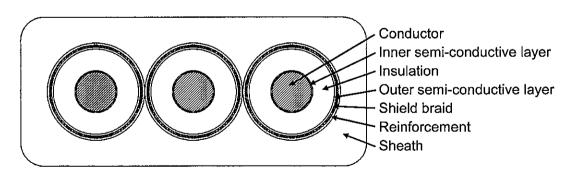


Fig.1 Cable cross section

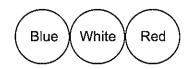


Fig.2 Core identification